Ichelieu Diamond Pointed Gold Pen d.—B. E. WATSON & CO, having removed their Gold Pen A to No. 16 Wall street, are prepared to supply their custo-with any or every description of Gold Pens at prices lower ever before offered. The celebrated Richelien Pen, of which are the manufacturers; is unequalled for finences, elasticity, durability. The points are warranted not to come off, or ew Pen will be given without charge. Gold Pens repaired.

dican Crowns!-We Republicans car

5,000 to 1,000 that our friend Young sells more Boots, and sells them better than any store in the city Fine Calf Hoots, \$4.50, usually \$6 and \$7: do, \$3.50, usually \$2: the has got the largest and best stock of Boots in this country. All our friends should get Boots and Gaiters of Young, corner of Fulton and Nussau streets. THE DOCTOR.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

MONEY MARKET.

Saturday, May 6—6 P. M. The stock market is unusually heavy, but prices do not give way so much as might be anticipated. At the first board to-day, the sales were confined almost en-tirely to the fancies, and the variations do not reach more than a fraction of a per cent. Money is getting easier, but it appears impossible to get up any move-ment in the stock market. Later intelligence from Europe is anxiously looked for; but there is very little probability of the news having a favorable influence upon the market. There are two steamers full due— the Britannia, from Liverpool, for Boston, has been at sea nearly fifteen days, and the Hermann, from Southampton for this port, has been at sea-provided she sailed on her regular day-nearly seventeen days, and both may be hourly expected. The Hermann will bring five days and the Britannia seven days later in telligence. The political news by these arrivals, may be important, and so may the commercial advices; but we look for no favorable change in mercantile or financial matters on the other side; no improvement in securities or in public confidence; nothing but the deepest depression, and the most gloomy anticipations for the future.

pany for April, 1848, were \$12,631, against \$8,100 for the same month in 1847, showing an increase this year of \$4,530, equal to about 55 per cent.

Foreign exchange continues quiet. Prime bills of London are held at 10½ a 11 per cent premium. Domestic exchanges are all in favor of this city, and

the discount here for drafts on every other point ranges from 1/4 to 21/4 per cent, as will be seen by the annexed table:—

Domestic Exchanges.

Domestic Exchanges.

14 a 24 dis Mobile Sp. checks. 14 a 24 dis 12 dis

Botton	North Carolina 2 a — dis Cincinnati 2 a 2½ dis Cincinnati 2 a 2½ dis Cincinnati 2 a 2½ dis Nashville 2½ dis Nashville 2½ a 2½ dis St. Louis 2½ a 2½ dis Detroit 2½ a 3 dis Detroit 2½ a 3 dis Cincinnati 2½ a 1 dis
QUOTATION	S FOR SPECIE.
Per Cent.	Value.
Amer. gold, old 106 a 106	Carolus dolls 1.03 a 1.06
do do new. 100 a 100	Five france 9416 a 96
Portuguese gold. 100 a 100%	Doubloons 16,25 a 16,40
Portuguese gold. 100 a 100%	do patriot15,60 a 15,75
Spanish dollars102 a 105	Sovereigns 4,86 a 4,88
do quarters 991 a 100	do light 4,82 a 4,85
Mexican dollars 101 a 1013	Heavy guineas, 5,00 a -
do quarters 993 a 100	Napoleons 3,87 a 3,89
Treasury Notes 1021 a 1021	
	ENT MONEY.
Bo't at, S'ld at	
New England dis par	Mobile, sp. pay'g21 dis - dis
Albany, Troy, &c. 1 dis 1 dis	New Orleans 2½ dis — dis Ohio 3 dis — dis
N. York country dis 3 die New Jersey dis 3 die	Indiana3 dis — dis
Philadelphia & dis par	Kentucky 21/2 dis - dis
Baltimore % dis % dis	Tenneasee 8 dis — dis
Virginia 13 dis 1 dis	Missouri
North Carolina 234 dis - dis	Michigan 4 dis - dis
South Carolina 232 dis - dis	Canada 5 dis — dis
Georgia 236 dis - dis	The state of the s
Wheeling banks are	1% per cent discount.

Specie is moving quite actively. The current out ward is principally to Great Britain, and the current inward principally from the South and West.

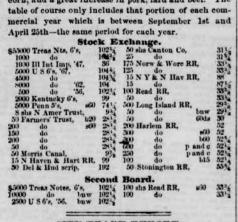
Uncurrent money is very abundant-so abundan that the brokers in the street find it difficult to take all that is offered for redemption. The great supply is caused by the influx of country merchants with fund to meet their payments and purchase their spring

The railroad companies in every part of the country are in a prosperous condition. With the rapidly in creasing receipts from the same line of road, and rapid extensions of old lines into the interior, the aggregat income of these works of internal improvement year will greatly exceed that of last year. The Massachusetts Western Railroad has increased about \$10.00 in the past two weeks. Railroad stocks generally are depressed, with all other securities, by the position of the money markets; but they must be the first to recover, and must soon become much more favorite in few railroads in this country perfectly completed. Most of them are constructed at first in such a loose Railroads recently constructed here have been built more substantially, and the current expenditures are, therefore, less than on old roads. The rails laid down on roads built ten years ago, have proved too light for their business, and heavy expenditures have since been made to replace them with heavier ones.

In the present year the export of grain and flour from Cincinnati, has failen rather below the average of the previous years. The exports of pork and beef, how-

C. L. C. L. C.		
EXPORTS OF CINCINN	ATI.	
	18467.	18478.
Flour, bbls	404.407	151,428
Corn, sacks	215,007	48,720
Corn meal, bbls		19,644
Oats, sacks	65,522	41.625
Beef, bbls	9.410	13,601
Beef, tierces	7.216	3,615
Pork and bacon, hhds	22,792	34,654
Pork and bacon, tierces	5,966	7,860
Lard, bbls	48,067	74,722
Lard, kegs	135.891	185,091
Tallow, bbls		5,055
		1000

corn, and a great increase in pork, lard and beef. The table of course only includes that portion of each com-



CITY TRADE REPORT.

New York, Saturday Afternoon, May 6.

Owing to a very light stock in the market, flour was again more firm, to-day, and sales of good brands Genesee, &c., were made at an advance. There were also some sales made for future delivery. Supplies being also light at the east, forced purchases in this market to supply immediate wants, which circumstance also tended to stiffen prices. There continued to be a good demand for southern brands, with further sales. Corn had ruled so low within a month or two, as to prevent large receipts, and the farmers being now busy in planting new crops, also tends to check supplies, hence the stock of good yellow corn in the market has become very much reduced, and sales were made at an advance in prices. Meal was also held at firmer rates. Rye was some firmer. Sales of oats were made at an advance in prices. Meal was also held at firmer rates. Rye was some firmer. Sales of oats were making at full prices. The improved feeling in mess pork continued, though sales were made a shade under yesterday's quotations. Lard remained the same, while beef was steady. In groceries, it being the last day of the week, there was not so much doing; but prices remained about the same. Cotton, as will be perceived, continued to sell pretty freely with more doing for export. For the week's sales of tobacco, &c., we refer to the proper head. In freights, there was some more cotton going forward, while engagements in other articles continued light and at about the same rates.

Asurs.—Pots remained at \$6, and pearls at \$7. The stock was said to be in a measure exhausted in first hands.

Breadsturrs.—Flour.—The sales of Genesee, with

stock was said to be in a measure exhausted in first hands.

Breadstuffs—Flour—The sales of Genesee, with Michigan and other Western brands, footed up about 1500 a 2000 bbls, including common to good and pure Genesee, at \$6 3735, 6 50 a 6 564, with some lots a little fancy, at \$6 62½; sales of 500 bbls do, sold to arrive by the first boat, at \$6 25; and 200 do Ewing Mills were sold, to arrive next week, at \$6 50. Southern was in light supply, and sales of a few hundred barrels of Howard street, Georgetown and Alexandria, were made at \$6 125 a 6 25, fand 200 bbls New Orleans affoat, at \$6 25. Wheat—There was very little offering; good white Genesee was held, at \$1 50; Ohio was also held at inter prices. Corn—There were few samples exhibited; sales of 6a 8000 bushels New Jersey yellow were made at 54½ a 550; 1309 sacks of New Orleans, out of order, sold at 51c; 600 do at 50c; and 500 do badly damaged, at 40c. Beans—Sales of 200 bushels were

made at 50c. (common Southern.) Rye—Sales of about 4000 bushels were made in separate lots at 74 a 74½c, part in the silp and part delivered. Rye Flour—Sales of 100 bushels were made at \$3.58½. Outs—Sales of 3 a 4000 bushels were made, consisting of North river and Canal, at 47 a 49c. Meal—New Jersey was held at \$2.50. Candles—Sales of sperm were making at 32 a 32½ cents.

pestorday.

Dayos, &c.—Sales since our last, of 30,000 lbs sal soda at 2½c; 5 tons super carbonate do at 6½c; 200 or sulphate quinine (American) at \$2 60, and some parcels of Honduras cochineal at \$1 40.

Fisst—The transactions embrace 100 barrels No. 1 Halifax mackerel, at \$9 50, and 250 quintals cod (extra) at \$3 75.

Fautr—500 boxes wet and dry raisins sold at \$1 40 a \$150.

\$1 50.

IRON—About 300 tons No. 1 Scotch pig, have been disposed of at \$26 a \$26 50, usual time.

FREIGHTS—Some 2a3000 bales cotton were engaged for Liverpool at 5-324; small engagements flour were made at 1s. 6d. Heavy goods were taken at 15d., and pork at 18d; 400 hhds, tobacco were taken by a British ship on private terms. thip on private terms.

HENP—We notice sales of 500 bales Sisal at 7½c, 5

ship on private terms.

HEMP—We notice sales of 500 bales Sisal at 7½c, 5 per cent off.

HIDRS—There has been a fair amount of business doing the past week, and we notice sales of 600 western slaughtered, 60 lbs. at 4c, 6 mos; 5000 Matamoras at 8c; Barcelona (just as they run) at 5½; 1000 New Orleans (taken by tanners) at 7½c, 3 mos, and 1600 Maranham ox at 6½c, 6 mos.

Naval. Storks—Sales of 100 barrels spirits turpentine are reported on private terms, supposed about 35½c, cash.

OILS—A steady demand exists for Linseed, and we report sales of 4000 gallons English at 55½ a 56c, and 2000 do city pressed American at 57 a 58.

Provisions—Sales of 500 bbls of pork were made, including about half prime, at 48 31¼, and the remainder mess at \$10 31¼ and 200 do prime at \$8 37½. There was no change in pickled meats, and we quote hams at 4½ a 5½, and shoulders at 2¾ a 3c. Beef—We quote smoked at 8c. Small lots city mess were selling at \$8 75, and of primedat \$5 50. Last sales of beef hams were made at 5½c. Lard—Small sales in bbls were reported at 6 a 6½c. Cheese remained firm, while butter, being more plenty, was in some less demand.

Rick—We can only hear of 50 casks fair to prime, at \$3 37½ a \$3 50.

Sugans are less active. 50 hhds common New Orleans brought 3¾, 4 mos.

Sigle—We notice sales of 2000 No. 1 nutmegs at \$1 25, and 5000 mats cassis at 15c, both 6 mos.

Tobacco—We submit the usual statement, exhibiting the prices, sales, receipts and stocks on hand for the week ending this afternoon, May 6th:—

Kentucky, Virginia ¼¾ allo. 100 hds.

eighboring markets.

Whiskey—The market was quiet. The last sales of WHERE - he market was quiet. The last sales of State prison were made at 24/c; drudge was held at 25c. Wool.—The inquiry for rash sorts is very small; of foreign, we notice sales of 50 bales washed Buenos Ayres at 11½ a 14c; 14 do, unwashed Rio Grande at 7½c., 6 mos. Sales were made by auction, of 15 bales washed Odessa at 8½c., cash. 1

BALTIMORE, May 5.—\$223 Maryland 6's, 87%; 1000 Baltimor 6's, 1800, 97; 200 Baltimore and Ohio Raifroad Div'd Bonds, 73%; 1000 do do, 73; 2000 do do, 73; 2000 do do, 73; 3000 do do, 73; 3000 do do, 73; 3000 do do, 73%; 500 do do, 72%; 3000 do do, 72%; 3000 do do, 72%; 3000 do do, 72%; 3000 do do 500 do do, 72½; 1000 do do, 72½; 500 do do, 72½; 3000 do do, 72½; 200 do do, 72½; 200 do do, 72½; 200 Lehigh Interest, 5½; 7000 U. S. 6°s, 67; 62; 1045; 15,000 do, 10½; 200 do, 10½; 200 Reading Bonds, 60, 62; 25 N. J. Copper, 2; 500 U. S. Trust, 6 pc Nts, 102½; 500 State 6°s, 7½; 175 28 do, 74½; 500 County 5°s, old, 83; 50 Girard Bank, 7½; 500 Lehigh Cl. Serip, 79½; 500 County 5°s, old, 83; 50 Girard Bank, 10½; 500 Lehigh Cl. Serip, 79½; 500 County 5°s, old, 83; 50 Girard Bank, 10½; 500 Lehigh Cl. Serip, 79½; 600 County 5°s, old, 83; 50 Girard Bank, 10½; 74½; 400 Lehigh Mortgage Loan, 82¾.

BOSTON, May 5.—Broleer' Board—3 shares Fall River Railroad, 81; 10 do Boston and Providence Railroad, 5°t, 9½; 30 Leastern Railroad, 10½; 175 do do, 50 de Reading Railroad, 10½; 175 do do, 50 de Reading Railroad, 10½; 175 do do, 50 de 17; 25 do East Boston Company, 12½; 25 disputs Boston and Maine Railroad, 2½; \$300 Reading Railroad, 16½; 175 do do, 50 de 17; 25 do East Boston Dividence Railroad, 16½; 30 de East Boston Dividence Railroad, 16½; 30 de East Boston Dividence Railroad, 16½; 20 de East Boston Company, 80½; 83 do Say, 21 do Cheshire Railroad, 85½; 23 do Norwich and Worcestor Railroad, 16½; 125 do Norwich and Worcestor Railroad, 16½; 13 do East Boston Company, 12½;

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

BRIGHTON CATTLE MARKET, Thursday, May 4, 1848.

—At market, 340 beef cattle, 18 pairs working oxen, 35 cows and calves, 400 sheep and 3300 swine. Prices—Beef cattle, extra, \$7 50; first quality, \$7a\$7 25; second quality, \$6 25a\$6 75; third, \$5 75a\$6. Working Oxen—Sales at \$60, \$72, \$80, \$88, and \$95. Cows and Calves—Sales at \$10, \$23, \$23, \$22, and \$36. Sheep—Sales at \$4, \$47 and \$5. Swine—Lots to peddle 4½, 4½ and 5c for sows; 5½, 5½ and 6c. for barrows; large hogs, barrows, 4½, 5 and 5½c. At retail from 6 to 7c.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

Areciso, P. R., April 15, 1848.—Notwithstanding the very discouraging advices for our sugars, both from Europe and the United States, the demand latterly for prime has been brisk, and sales made readily at \$3 25 a \$3 50; some lots of select quality something higher. Our stocks of these descriptions are entirely exhausted, and lower grades are much neglected. Orders for Europe are few, and limits low; holders are, however, asking \$3, probably in anticipation that a continued demand for the United States and scarcity of a prime article, may cause an improvement. Our crop will be considerably shorter than was generally expected at the commencement of the season. Molasses continues in good demand, and very scarce, at \$12 per cask of 110 gallons.

MATANZAS. April 25.—The Easter holidays just past have left our market very dull, and the very bad news from Europe, brought by the Hibernia, has contributed not a little to paralyze it. Under these circumstances not a little to paralyze it. Under these circumstances we have no expectation of seeing any transactions of note in sugars for the present. Quotations are quite nominal. Very ordinary to prime whites, 8 a 8½rs.: Floret yellows 6½ a 7 rs.; good to prime 4½ a 6; browns 4 a 4½; Cucuruchos 3½ a 4 rs.: Muscovadoes 4 a 6 rs.; Muscovadoes 1½ rs. and getting rather scarce. Freights are dull; \$4½ per hhd. and \$1½ per box for sugars, and \$2 for molasses. The last sale of rice was the cargo per Argus, at 11½ rs. Exchange 1 a 2 per cent dis. Sterling 13 to 14 per cent. prem.

Yesterday morning, Joseph Isaacs, in the 51st year

Yesterday morning, Joseph Isaacs, in the 51st year of his age.

His relatives and friends, together with the members of National Lodge, No. 30 I. O. of O. F., are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 34 Division street, this afternoon, at 4½ o'clock. On Saturday afternoon, May 6th of consumption, Mrs. Lucy Hoos, wife of Benjamin Hook, in the 40th year of her age.

The friends and acquaintances of the family, and the members of New York Lodge, No. 10, I. O. of O. F., are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, No. 27 Pearl street, at 3 o'clock, this afternoon.

ernoon.

At Hamptonburg, Orange county, N. Y., on the 2d ust., Mr. John Van Voorhis, in the 80th year of his

age.
Yesterday morning. Frances, youngest daughter of Peter and Ann F. C. McLaughlin, aged 2 years, 1 month and 6 days.
The friends of her father, and those of her uncle Peter E. Patterson, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Sunday) afternoon, at 4½ o'clock, from No. 214 Madison street.

CERMAN SOCIETY.—THE MEMBERS OF THIS SOCIETY are requested to meet at Mr. Delmonico's, William street, on Monday morning, at 9 o'clock, for the purpose of joining in the celebration of the day. J. W. SCHULTEN, M. HILGER, Committee.

LES SUISSES RESIDANT A NEW YORK ET SES EN virona sont invités de se réunir Lundi prochain, 8 courant à 10 beurea. Ann. 50. 27 Dey street, (Cerde Suisse,) pour participal de la démonstration qui aura lieu en l'honneur des victimes tombées pour la liberté de l'Allemagne. Le comité suisse, JOHN TISSOT L. BANDERET, G. LANDRY.

IF A LADY NAMED LIVINGSTON, WHO WAS MARRIED some years ago to a gentleman who lectured on Phrenology at Peale's Museum in New York and Philadelphia, will call on the subscriber, she will hear of something to her advantage. WM. McGUIGAN, "Museum Building," Philadelphia.—May 6th, 48.

To WHOLESALE HOUSES.—A BUSINESS MAN WISHES to engage in a house as Salesman, either in dry goods, fancy goods, or wine and segar trade. Security to the amount of \$2000 cash will be placed in the hands of the employer at usual bank rate of interest. Salary expected, \$1000 per annum. Addres A. B., Howard Hotel.

COOK WANTED.—A FRENCH, GERMAN, OR ITALIAN Cook, wanted by a family. She must be competent and efficient. Apply at the desk of the Herald Office for further particulars.

100 WANTED-PATENT TITLES GIVEN TO SOLDIERS been sold for taxes and past redemption. Apply from 12 to 1, or address S, H, MATT, 85 Liberty street, N.Y. STEREOTYPER WANTED.—A STEREOTYPER WHO UNDERSTANDS the business in all its parts, can hear of a permanent situation in the country, at fair wages, by applying to WELLS & WEBH, corner Fulton and Dutch sts. Good references required.

MEBIL, corner Fulton and Dutch ats. Good references required.

MODERN LANGUAGES MADE EASY AT 103 BOWERY.
That learners may be able to form a judgment of the system, the teacher, and the task of learning a foreign language, three lessons are given without charge. After which, an engagement may be made for a course, or declined.

WIGS AND TOUPEES.—STRANGERS AND CITIZENS are informed that the best place in New York to procure a first quality wig or scalp, is at BATCHELOR'S manufactory, No. 2 Wall street. His new invented wigs obtained a silver modal at the last fair of the American Institute. Strangers should just examine before purchasing elsewhere.

J. F. BROWNE, MAKER AND IMPORTER OF GRAND,
semi grand and six octave double action Harps, warerooms
25 Broadway, would inform his friends, he has removed from
S1 to 250 Hroadway, and solicits a continuation of the very liberal patronage he has had the honor to receive. J. F. B. would
add he is now completing a large and elegant collection, among
which is a new kink of Double Action Harp, called the Gothic
Semi Grand, equal in brilliancy and power of Tone, and more convenient size; it is admired as a great improvement. His arrangements enable him to transact business at very moderate prices.
Lundon and New York—Established, 1810. Harps repaired, Strings,
Music, &c.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN STEAMSHIPS
Liverpool, calling at Halifax to land and receive mails and passengers, are intended to sail as follows:—America, Capt. Judkins,
from New York, Wednesday, 19th May; Britannia, Capt. Laug,
from Beston, Wednesday, 17th May; Caledonia, Capt. Barrison,
from Boston, Wednesday, 24th May; Caledonia, Capt. Barrison,
from Boston, Wednesday, 34th May; Hibernia, Capt. Barnson,
from Boston, Wednesday, 34th May; Hibernia, Capt. Shamon,
from Boston, Wednesday, 34th June; Niagars, Capt. Ryrie,
from Boston, Wednesday, 14th June; Niagars, Capt. Ryrie,
from Boston, Wednesday, 14th June; Passage money \$129. No
freight will be received on board the "America" after twelve
clock, Tuceday, 9th May. For freight or passage apply to E. CUNARD, JR., 35 Broadway.

DENJ. MOONEY, AUCTIONEER—EDWD. PAYSON WILL is sell, this day, at ten o'clock, at the Store, No. 14 Platt street, a sceneral assortment of Hardware. Cutlery, and Fancy Goods, such as Curry Combs, Fry Pans, Steel Yards, Ciark's Butts, Pullies, Locks, Latches, 2 casks Knives and Forks, 2 casks Spring Cutlery, I cask Razors, 1 cask Tea Trays, 509 dozen Brushes also, 10 cases Violins, I case Pluteer also, to pay advances, a rich lot of Plated Goods, Spoons, Forks, &c. For Particulars, see entaloguea.

H. E. WILLARD, AUCTIONEER-FURNITURE SALE The this day, Monday, May 8th, 10 delock, at the Auction coom, No. 8 Cedar street, the entire furniture of a Two Story House, comisting of Carpets, Oil Cloths, Centre and other Tables, Bureaus, Sofia, Sideboard, Chairs, French and other Bedsteads, dock, Mattresses, Pillasses, Wash Standt, Looking Glasses Stoves, Kitchen Ware, &c. Sale positive, rain or shins. By WM. W. SHIRLEY, Salesman.

VV - boat Atlantic—Will be sold at auction, for account of whom it may concern, on Saturday, 13th May, at 1 o'clock, at the Mcrobants' Exchange, all the machinery of the engine saved from the steamboat Atlantic Can be examined at the yard of PEASE, MURPHY & CO., Fulton Foundery, foot of Cherry street, East River. Terms at sale.

MURPHY & CO., Fulton Foundery, foot of Cherry street, East River. Terus at sale.

\$2,500 REWARD.—NEWARK BANKING AND INaddressed to the undersigned, was stolen from the President of the
Bank, this morning, while on board the Jersey City Ferry Bost. It
is supposed there was in the package from \$15,000 to \$20,000 in the
notes of this Bank, of the denomination of \$500, \$100, \$50, \$20,
\$10, and \$5; the remainder of the package consists of the checks of
various individuals and Banks, on this Bank; and the following
are known to have been in the package—P. Ballantine's check,
certified, dated April 22, \$1,000; Carpenter and Vermilye, do. 25th,
\$2,000; Do. 27th, \$3,000; Do. 25th, \$2,000; D. 3B.
Desdorty, Cashier Chemical Bank, No. 96, May 2, \$4,756 42; A. A.
Thomas, check, certified, April 28, \$2,000; Do. May 1, \$5,000; J. B.
Desdorty, Cashier Chemical Bank, No. 96, May 2, \$4,756 42; A. A.
April 25, \$1,926 34; Do. do. 28th, \$2,000; Do. May 1, \$1,000;
Smith, Wright & Co., April 27th, \$471 64; Joseph W. Duyer, check
certified, \$397 50; Garthwaite, Daroy & Co., 27th, \$246 42; Do.
28th, \$49 33. The following notes of the denomination of \$500,
payment of which has been atopped, No. 6, 9, 10, 12, 15, 90, 21, 22,
26, 27, 25, 29, 35, 49, 41, 47. A gentleman, on his way to Newark,
saw the package on the seat where it was left, Another person
being then in the cabin, an interview with that gentleman, which
is respectfully solicited, here or in New York, might lead to the
recovery of the package, and any other person or persons, who
may have accidentally seen the package in person or persons, who
may have accidentally seen the package in person or persons, who
may have accidentally seen the package in person or persons, who
may have accidentally seen the package in person or persons, who
may have accidentally seen the package in New York, might lead to the
recovery of the whole package, or in proportion for any part of the
Bank notes, J. D. VERMILYE, Cashier.

C AUTION.—LOST THIS DAY, RETWEEN THE 410URS.

C AUTION.—LOST THIS DAY, BETWEEN THE HOURS Of II and I2 o'clock, a note of hand drawn by A. A. Denman & Co. of the city of New York, for \$506.88; in favor of Jace blarken, and endorsed by hink and Samuel Jarden, dated Ayrin at of New York. The public are cluttoned against necessary of the New York. The public are cluttoned against necessary of the New York. The public are cluttoned against necessary of the New York. The public are cluttoned against necessary of the New York. The public are cluttoned against necessary of the New York. The public are cluttoned against necessary of the New York. The public are cluttoned against necessary of the New York. The public are cluttoned against necessary of the New York. The New York of the subscribers—S.MUEL JARDEN, No. 11 City Row, or to JACOB JARDEN, No. 261 North 11th street, Philadelphia.

North 11th street, Philadelphia.

LOST ON SATURDAY EVENING, THE SIXTH MAY INST...

in Broadway, between Wall and Walker street a bundle of papers containing the Charter of the New York and Eris Rail-road Company, and a Charter of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company, with various other Papers, Maps, &c. A mitable reward will be given to the finder by leaving the same at the office of this paper as soon as possible.

EFF HIS HOME YESTERDAY MORNING, ABOUT NINE o'clock, (Saturday the 9th inst.) a stout Boy, answering to the name of John, about 5 years of age, round face, light hair, had on blue cloth cap, dark pasts, dark calleo apron, and boots. Any person returning him to John McKinley, 16 Doyer street, will receive the grateful thanks of his distressed parunts.

FOUND. A SUM OF MONEY, WHICH THE OWNER CAN have by giving satisfactory proofs to Mrs. Elliott, No. 31 Ful ton street, Brooklyn, L. I. CAUTION.—THE INDIVIDUAL THAT GOT INTO AN omnibus opposite the Astor House on Saturday morning, and insulted two ladies while going up in town, is advised not to do the same thing again, as he is marked by the large grey whiskers he wars, and will not be let off with the whole of them if he attempts it again. As for the diminutive individual with him, he shall not escape his deserts.

W OOD CUTS AND STEEL PLATES FOR SALE.—TWO or three hundred fine wood engravings, illustrating the leading events of the past three or four years; and two splendid Steel Plates, Views of the Park and Union Square Fountains, for sale. Apply at this office.

Sale. Apply at this office.

STANDING COLLARS, NEW STYLES, SPLENDIDLY EMbroidered, from 3s to 12s 750 pairs rich needlework cuffs,
from 3s 69 per pair; 150 very fine chain stitch lawn collars, at 4s:
infants' robes and waists; mualin trimmings, &c., unusually
cheap. CHARLES SCOTT & CO., No. 377 Broadway, near

TO BE SOLD, AT THE SHOP OF THE UNDERSIGNED, No. 67 Ann street, where he will in future carry on the house carpentering business, a large glass Case. Counters, and swerend other fixtures, in good condition, and ready to be put up immediately. Can be seen by applying to S. HARRIS, Carpenter, 67 Ann street. TWO ORIGINAL TALES WILL BE FOUND THIS DAY

in the Sunday Morning News, besides a fund of choice ing. Price three cents. Office No. 99 Nassau street. THE ELDER BROTHER—THIS DAY PUBLISHED, PRICE 12½ cents—The Elder Brother—a Play, by Beaumont and Fletcher, being No. 67 of the Modern Standard Drama. Recently published, The Merchant of Venice, and the Irish Lion. JOHN DOUGLAS, 11 Spruce street. BURGESS, STINGER & CO.

COLD PENS, DIAMOND POINTED, \$1 ONLY, SILVER Pencil Case included.—J. W. GREATON & CO., No. 71 Cedar street, up stairs, invite purchasers, both wholesale and retail, to call and examine their stock of Gold Pens and Cases, which they are selling at reduced prices. They keep the pens of all and every maker, that purchasers may decide for themselves as to their relative merits. Gold pens and cases repaired.

D.R. POWELL, OCULIST, AURIST, ETC, ATTENDS DAI, by to discuses of the Eye and Ear, at his surgery, 261 Broad, way, outrance 1½ Warren street. Just published, the second edition of Dr. Powelf's Treatise on the Eye, price 50 cents, which can be had at his office; also his premium self-acting Eye Fountains. Just imported, a large supply of Artificial Eyes.

PRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING AT THE CITY CLOTH-ing Warehouse, 102 Pulton street, opposite the old North Dutch Church. Coats from \$1 to \$10. Pants from \$1 to \$5. Vests from \$1 to \$3. A whole suit for \$3.—D. P. SMITH, 102 Pulton

wanted.—Gentlemen or families wishing to convert their superfluous effects into cash, will obtain full value for the am-by addressing the subscriber, (through the post office, or other wise,) who will attend them at their residences by appointment H. LEVETT, Office No. 2 Wall street, corner of Broadway. CORSETS DE PARIS, (NEW PATTERN.)-MRS. PROS

CORSETS DE PARIS, (NEW PATTERN.)—MRS. PROSPERE, to satisfy the great many demands which are made
upon her, begs leave to inform the ladies that the has received a
very handsome assortment of Corsets from Paris, of the newest
pattern, and at a moderate price. From the success she has
already had in fitting the ladies with elegance and comfort, induces her to hope that many will come visiting her new stock, at
33 Canal street, up stairs.

LACE CAPS, VALENCIENNE LACES, STANDING COLlars and Cuffs. PETER ROBERTS, 373 Broadway, has just
received a splendid assortment of the above; also Figured White
and Black Nets for Mantillas, Muslin Trimmings, Black Laces,
Cambrie Handkerchiefs, Infants Robes, and Waists. Also, from
auction, White and Black Silk Hose, Muslin and Lace Dresses,
Figured Muslins, 30 per cent below the usual prices.

LOOK AT THIS.—LADIES, WE ARE NOW OPENED with our new stock of Boots and Shoes of the first quality, and have restuced our prices on Gairters, Buskins, Slippers, Tes, and all other kinds of Boots and Shoes. We have also on hand, wisser, Children's and Boys' Boots and Shoes, Gentlemen, we will also give you a chance to buy your Boots, Gaiters and Shoes, of the first quality, cheap, at 357 Breadway, corner of Franklin street: M. CAHILL.

R EMOVAL—ARCULARIUS BAKERY.—THE SUBSCRI-ber respectfully begs leave to inform his patrons and the public, that he will remove on the 1st of May from his old estab-ished stand, No. 20 Courtlands street, to 319 Hudson street, near Vandam Street, where he will continue to supply them with Bread, Rolls. Tea Cake, &c., &c., as heretofore. GEORGE ARCULA-RIUS SON.

DR. ELLIOTT, OCULIST, HAS REMOVED TO NO. 535 Broadway, third door above Spring street. Office hours from 10 to 3 o'clock, on Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

TO THE PUBLIC.—THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING PUR-chased from Charles Goodyear, Esq., and the Naugatuck India Rubber Company, the exclusive right to the use and sale of the material known as "Goodyear's Insoluble India Rubber," for the manufacture of Trusses and Supporters, hereby cautions the public against manufacturing, purchasing, or using any arti-ele for any of the above purposes, when made in whole or part of the said-naterials, without authority and license from me. GA-MALIEL GAY, 53 John street. New York, 4th May, 1848.

NOTICE—THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXIST-ing under the firm of Roalefs & Levis, at 91 Fulton street, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued by John Levis, who will settle the business of the firm, ANDREW ROALEFS. JOHN LEWIS. New York, May 1, 1848.

I, 1848.

C OPARTNERSHIP.—THE UNDERSIGNED WILL CON
stitute the firm of WM. T. JENNINGS & CO., from May I1848. WM. T. JENNINGS, H. MENDELL, B. F. ROBINSON. M AWSON, BROTHERS, IMPORTERS AND MANUFAC-turers of Fanny Furs and Caps, have removed to 161 Water street, southeast corner of Fletcher street, next door to their for-mer place of business.

mer place of business.

RLECTRIC TELEGRAPH.—Mit. ALEX. BAIN, THE INventor of the new Electric Telegraph, begs leave to say, that his present visit to the United States was for the purpose of securing Patents for the above Invention, by which upwards of One Thousand Letters are transmitted and recorded per minute of time. He has now to depart for London on important interests there, but intends returning in July next, for the purpose of introducing his Invention extensively to the public patronage in the United States and the Canadas. Meantime, communications may be addressed to Mesers, BARCLAY & LIVINGSTON, New York, or the R.BAIN, Contral Electric Telegraph Office, London, New York, May 24;1548.

LIQUOR STORE TO LET—THE PREMISES NORTH EAST corner of West and Christopher streets, facing Hoboken ferry, are now being fitted for this purpose. As this is a choice stand, by applying early, it will be made to suit the tenant. Enquire on the premises, or at 139 Hudson street.

DOARDING.—SINGLE GENTLEMEN CAN BE VERY confortably accommodated with breakfast and tea, and dimer, if necessary, together with fine, siry and healthy bed-rooms, single or double, with good attendance, and in a highly respectable family, residing at 108 Hammersley street. Apply on the premises.

Park Place House—THE PUBLIC ARE RESPECTfully informed that Park Place House (corner of Broadway and
Park Place), has been recently very much enlarged and improved,
and newly funnished, which, with its delightful location, being immediately opposite the City Hall, the Park, and Fountain, and in
the vicinity of all the places of amusement and business, render
Park Place House the most pleasant and agreeable retreat for the
traveller (whether of business or pleasure) in the city. No sagetions of the proprietors shall be spared to render every comfort
and satisfaction to all who may favor them with their custom.

FOR SALE, OR WILL BE EXCHANGED FOR PROPERTY in this city—Two Lots adjoining on Ohio st., in Philadelphia, each 20½ feet front by 50 feet deep, on one of which is a two story brick House. Ohio street runs from Twelfth to Quince, between Pine and Lombard. Enquire of R. M. HOE, 31 Gold street, N.Y.; or of D. J. KENNEDY, at Reading Depot, Broad and Cherry st., Philadelphia.

For SALE.—A VALUABLE FARM OF SEVENTY ACRES, In Madison, New Jersey, less than a mile from the railroad depot. Map and full description to be seen at the office, No. 27 Wall street. EUGENE BERGONZIO. MOUNT MORRIS SQUARE, HARLEM—THREE HUNdred yards southwest from the Kailroad Depot, on an elevated spot, commanding a fine view of the High Bridge, Long Island Sound, and surrounding country, not equalled on this island, is now open for visitres with accommodations for ladies. The public are solicited to call and examine what a romantic place is within forty minutes of their houses. S. VAN NOS. TRAND. Proprietor.

V ALUABLE WHARF PROPERTY AT BROOKLYN, FOR sale or to lease.—The wharf and sheds at Brooklyn, known as Waring's wharf, situated on Farman street, within a short distance of the Fulton Ferry. The wharf is 115 feet front and rear by about 150 fact deen, with the privilege of docking out to the permanent water line, established by the State Legislature. On the premises are five sheds, used for storage. It is considered one of the best wharvs in Brooklyn. The property will be sold or leased on favorable terms. If sold, the largest amount of it can remain on bend and mortgage for a term of years at 6 per cent per annum. For terms, or description of the property, apply to H WARING & SON, 150 Front street,

BOWERY TREATRE—MONDAY EVENING, MAY & 1869.

—Will be performed, first time in this city, an orginal historical tracic play, entitled JACOB LEISLER, THE PATRIOT HERO—Jacob Lettiler, Mr. Murkookin Derrick Leisler, C. W. Clarke, Luke Milborne, Dyott; Brockholdst Vermilyea, W. Marshalli, Mrs. Leisler, Mrs. Phillips: Francesca Bayard, Mrs. Abbott, Looppringe, Mrs. Madison. To conclude with the LADY OF THE LYONS—Clod Maddlanov, Mr. C. Burker, Beausanters, Mr. Jorden, S. regea t Dame, Mr. Bellamy, Polly Anne, Mrs. Sutherland; Mns. Distability, Mrs. Stickney. Doors open at 7.—Performance to commence at half-past 7. Boxes, 39 cents; Pit, 25 cents; Gallery, 12½ cents; Private Boxes, \$5.

Private Boxes, 55.

CHATHAM THEATHE—SOLE PROPRIETOR AND LESsee, Mr. F. S. Chanfrau.—Monday Evening, May 8, 1848,
will be presented the farce of the TRUMPETER'S DAUGHTER—
Phillipot, Mr. Hieldt, Robin, Mr. Herbart, Madelon, Mrs. Booth,
After which, SPIRIT of THE WATERS, Or, The Fire Piend—
Sir Huldebrand, Mr. Hieldt, Master Lapwig Frog. Mr. Winans;
Olinda, Mrs. J. B. Booth, Ondine, Mrs. G. Jones Loto, Miss Beloriane, To be followed by NEW YORK AS IT IS—Mose, Mr.
Chanfray, Jee, Mr. Winans; William Twill, Mr. Herbert: Katy,
Mrs. Booth. To conclude with NIX THE CABMAN—Dick NIX,
Mr. Winans; Betty, Miss Wray, Doors open at 7—Performance
commence at 7½ o'clock. Boxes 25 cents—Pitt 12½.

BROADWAY THEATRE—MONDAY EVENING, MAY S. Will be performed the Comedy of the IRISH AMBASSADOR. Sir Patric O'Plenipo, Mr. Collins, Grand Duke, Mr. Fredericks, Prince Rodolph, Mr. Fleming, Comot Marinos, Mr. Vache; Lady Isabella, Miss Telbin; Lady Emily, Mrs. Sergeant. To be followed by an Original Farce entitled the WRONG PASSKNGER. Dennis McCarthey, Mr. Collins, Charles Morton, Mr. Shaw; Thomas, Mr. Chapman; Julia, Miss Gordon; Sally, Mrs. Watts. To conclude with the Farce of HOW TO PAY THE RENT. Morgan Miller, Mr. Vache; Swell Billy, Mr. Hunt: Blowhanh, Mr. Gallott: Snuffy, Mr. Chapman; Mrs. Conscience, Mrs. Chapman; Kitty, Mrs. Watts: Betty, Miss Fitzjames. Dress Circle and Parquette, 50 cents; Family Circle, 25 cents; Gallery, 12½ cents. Doors open at 7, performance to commence at 7½ o'clock.

mence at 7½ o'clock.

M ECHANICS HALL, 472 BROADWAY, BETWEEN Grand and Broome streets. Menday, May 8, and every night during the week, the original CHRISTY'S MINSTREIS, whose concerts during the past seven months have been received with such distinguished patronage and unexampled success, most respectfully announce, that they will continue their original and inimitable entertainments every night until further notice. Admission 25 cents. Doors open at 7—Concert will commence at 7, Manager and Director, E. P. CHRISTY. 23— For the accommodation of families, they will give an afternoon Concert every Saturday. Doors open at 2—commence at 3 P. M.

dation of families, they will give an aftermon Concert every Saturday. Doors open at 2—commence at 3 P. M.

PALMOSOPERA HOUSE - STATUARY AND HLIUSTRATED Pictures—Historical, Mythological and Mystical, by twenty-five performers, under the direction of Sig. Monte Lillia. Programme for to-norrow evening—I, The Warrior's Dream, dance of Ulysees daughters. 2. The Dancers Reposing, Fairies Revenge, Medora, Hercules in the court of the Gosta, S. Pleaides, Three Graces, Sappho, The Delugo, 5. Greek Slave, Combat between Ides and Apollo, The Four Seasons. Finale in honor of the United States. Admission—Dress Circle and Parquette, \$1; upper Boges 50 cents, Doors open at 7½, and performance to commence at 8 o'clock.

DARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM—P. T. HARNUM, PROpries 50 cents, Doors open at 7½, and performance to commence every afternoon, at halfpast 3 celock, and every evening, at a quarter before 8. The Giant Baby, only the months old, weighing ninety pounds. Scripture Dissoriting View, representing, in a series of magnificent paintings, Edom, Babylon, Palestine and Jerualem: their Early Days Prosperity, and final Destruction. Wax Scripture Statuary, representing, in 100 figures, size of life, the Birth of Christ the Banger, the Last Suppor, Trial before Pontius Pilato, and Incomperate Family. Great Western, the Yankee, Madam Rockwell, the Bannos Fortume Teller. Admission to the whole, including Museum, Performances, &c., &c. cents; children, under ten years of age, and old enough to walk alone, 12½ cents, Reserved front seats, one shilling each extra.

PANVARD'S MAMMOTH PANORAMA OF THE MISSIS.

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PANVARD'S MAMMOTH PANORAMA OF THE MISSIS.

PANVARD'S MAMMOTH PANORAMA OF The Panorama Building, in Broadway, addoning Niblo's Garden. Open every versing (Sunday soccepted). Admission 60 cents children half price. The Panorama will commence moving at 7½ o'clock precisely. Afternoon exhibition on Wednesday and Saturday, at 50 o'clock.

ill commence moving at 7% o'clock precisely on Wednesday and Saturday, at 3 o'clock.

GREAT ATTRACTION AT THE TEMPLE OF THE MUSES

WALNUT STREET THEATRE, PHILADELPHIA—MON day evening, May 8th, 1885, will be presented ROMANCE AND REALITY. Scene, at New York and Long Island. Oliver Manly and Asper Manly, twin brothers, old bachelors, Mr. Albeck et; Frank Meredith, a young Virginian, Mr. Wheatley; Lavender Kydd, Mr. Richingsz, Jack Swift, Mr. J. Brougham. Tom Badger, Mr. Radeliffie: Williams, Mr. Stevens; Rosabel, Miss A. Fisher; Mr. Radeliffie: Williams, Mr. Stevens; Rosabel, Miss A. Fisher; Mr. Radeliffie: Williams, Mr. Stevens; Rosabel, Miss A. Fisher; Mr. Radeliffie: Williams, Mr. Stevens; Rosabel, Miss A. Fisher; Mr. Barbara Manly, Mrs. J. Brougham. The Epilogne by the Characters. In the course of the comedy, will be exhibited the following new Scenery, which has been expressly painted by P. Grasii, Jun.—Act 1—Library in the House of O. Manly. Act 11—Drawing Room and Library. Act 17—Interior of Cottage. To conclude with the VALET DE SHAM.

Interior of Cottage. To conclude with the VALET DE SHAM.

A THENEUM, TROY.—FOR THREE NIGHTS ONLY—
A Commencing Monlay, April 8—The original Southern Opera
Troupe of Sable Harmonists, Messrs. W. G. Pluner, T. Arches, W.
Browning, J. B. Farrell, W. Rourk, Eugene H. Bondt, Nelson
Kneass, Musical Director, and E. Pike, the celebrated Accordionsit, respectfully announce that they will commence a series of entertainments unparalleled, having been attended by the fashion
and beauty of the principal cities of the Union, consisting of selections from the best composers; Paredies from the Opera; Recraims; Negro Melodies; Glees; Songs; Repartese; Wittelsms;
Burlesques; Polkas; Solos; Re. Admission 25 cents; children,
Surclesques; Polkas; Solos; Re. Admission 25 cents; children,
comparation by their parents, ball price.—Doors open at 7, to
commence at 8 o'clock. For particulars, see small bills. J. C.
BENSON, Director.

THEATRICAL NOTICE—MY NEW THEATRE AT DEtroit will hold one thousand persons is neatly fitted up
with boxes and pit; is located in the centre of the city. It was
opened for the summer season on Wednesday avening, April 26th,
and is now in successful operation. Stars, and Professional Ladies and Gentlemen going West, will be received on liberal terms.

Cincing Birds From GERMANY—CHARLES REICHE

SINGING BIRDS FROM GERMANY—CHARLES REICHE has just arrived in the bark Johann Friederich, from Bremen, with the following collection of Birds.—Nightingales, Wood Larks, Black Caps, White Throats, Piping Bulfinches, Thrushes, Black birds, and 700 Canary Birds, all in full song and perfect health. For sale at 162 William street.

Black Caps, where Arrivals and in full song and perfect health. For sale at 162 William street.

Sea Batthing.—I Will. OPEN AT FAIRFIELD, CONbecticut, on the 20th of June next, a new and commodious house, built with a view to the comfort of the guests, having hotar furnaces, warm and cold baths, large darwing rooms, parlors, and dining rooms, pleasant chambers, large and airy verandahs, and handsome pleasure grounds. It is situated within a short distance of Long Island Sound, where there offers one of the most pleasant and safe bathing places on the continent, with comfortable bathing-houses on the beach. Connected with the above is a large and well-constructed stable, where saddle and harness horses can be procured, and horses kept for those wishing to use their own. In the management of both House and Stable, I pledge myself that no efforts shall be wanting to make it a desirable Summer Retreat. Steamboats leave for the city of Bridgeport daily, (Sundays excepted), at 6 o'clock in the morning, and at 3 in the afternoon; also, a boat for Norwalk, at 2 P. M., all of which connect with Fairfield by stages and earriages; it is distant from Bridge-port four unites west—from Norwalk 10 miles east. Persons wishing information as to its location, beauty of scenery, of its walks and drives, as well the variety of inducements held out to visiters, I take the liberty of referring to the following gentlemen whose summer residences are in the city of New York:—Lockwood De Forrest, Esq.; G. A. Phelps Lothrop Surges; R. & G. L. Schuyler, W. Black; George Peck; J. B. Thompson, P. T. Barnum; C. Seguine; F. Bronson; C. Cartilidge; Dr. Bradshaw; also, the following gentlemen resident in the city:—D. D. Howard, formerly of Howard House; J. Thomas, Howard House; Carthon House; P. Hooges, Carlton House; Newton Hays, of Franklin House; F. Rider, West Point, F. BlaCK.

\$20,000, \$10,000, \$4000, \$4000, \$2000, \$2000, \$2000, \$2000, \$1500, \$1000—To loan on bond and mortgage, on productive real estate in this city or Brooklyn. Apply immediately to S. S. BROAD, No. II Wall street, in the Croton Water office, basement.

N EW YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY.

April 20th, 1848.—The annual election for Directors of this Company will be held at their office, No. 4 Tryon Row, on Tuesday, the 16th day of May next, between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 27th April instant, to the 16th day of May next, both days inclusive. By order of the Board of Directors, A. KYLE, jun, Secretary. N. H.—The stockholders whose names appear upon the looks at the time of the above closing, will be the persons entitled to subscribe for the preferred stock to be issued under the recent act of the Legislature, for which proposals will be issued in a few days. P. S.—A subscription list will be opened at the office of Messrs, R. & G. L. Schuyler, No. 2 Hanover st.

for the preferred stock to be issued under the recent act of the Legislature, for which proposals will be issued in a few days. P. 8.—A subscription list will be opened at the office of Messra R. & G. L. Schupler, No. 2 Hanover st.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS—PROPOSALS WILL BE received until the 10th day of May, at the office of the New York and Hardem Railroad Company, in the city of New York, for the grading and masonry required for doubling the track of the Hardem Railroad between Hardem River and its junction with the New Haven Railroad, a distance of eight miles. At some points the line of the road will be straightened and improved. Hids will also be received for 22,000 chestnut or white oak cross ties, seven and a half feet long, six inches thek; having not less than six inches bearing surfaces, to be delivered at Hardem river, are between that river and the point of junction. Proposals will, at the same time, be received, for creeting a pile bridge about 600 feet long, on a straight line over the Hardem river, and a bulkheal along the grounds of the company, between 1224 and 134th atreets. The work to be done, and the materials delivered, by the 15th day of September. Plans, profiles and specifications will be exhibited at the office of the Company, up to the 10th instant, when the engineer will be present to make all necessary explanations. ALLAN CAMPIELL, Chief Engineer, N. Y. & H. R. R.

when the engineer will be present to make all necessary explanations. ALLAN CAMPBELL, Chief Engineer, N. Y. & H. R. R.

M. ERCANTILE MUTUAL, INSURANCE COMPANY, NO.

63 Wall street,—in conformity with the requisitions of
their charter, the Company submit the following statements—
Amount of premiums not marked off April 3d, 1847, \$16,156 44;
amount of premiums not marked off April 3d, 1847, \$16,156 44;
amount of premiums not marked off April 3d, 1847, \$16,156 44;
amount of premiums marked off April 3d, 1847, \$16,156 44;
amount of premiums marked off during the year sending
April 3d, 1848, \$732, 940 32—total, amount of premiums, \$2,270,70

76. The amount of premiums marked off during the year as
above, was—on marine risks, \$60,282 36; on inland transportation and navigation risks, \$61,389 32—total, \$607,437 28, less return premiums, \$2,270,102—carraed premiums for the year, \$614,
686 20. Paid during the same period for re-insurance, \$50,460 68;
expenses, \$19,718 98; interest, commission and bad debts, \$22,
733 79; marine losses, \$274,027 74; inland navigation do., \$30,621

30—total, \$416,567 99; profits to be divided, \$189,118 77.

—total for two years, \$220,770 52. The Company further report
that they have at this date the following assects, viz.—Invested in
Dirited States Treasury notes, \$104,099 83; bills receivable, \$434,
527, 38; each and unsettled claims to be closed by cash or notes,
\$250,268 68.—The Trustees have declared a dividend of thirtytwo jer cent. on the net carraed premiums of the past year, payable in scrip on and after the second Monday in May next. It was also resolved, that as soon as the accumulated profits exceed the sum of
half a million of dollars, the excess shall be appropriated to the
redemption of its scrip, agreed to the C. Marchy, Secretary.

1877. to be paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after the 8th day of May next. It was also resolved, that as soon as the accumulated profits exceed the sum of
half a million of dollars, the excess

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN—AND IT IS ONLY to those who are affected with corns and fagt otherwise discased—that they can obtain immediate relief on application to Dr. S. SHIRIAKOFF, (from St. Petersburgh.) 63 Chambers street, where no quackery, and the ill effects arising therefrom, will be encountered. Very respectfully, B. J. MESEROLE, Alderman, 6 Allen street.

DR. RALPH, AUTHOR OF THE "PRACTICAL PRIVATE Tradise," &c., SS Greenwich street, office hours 9 to 12 A. M., 5 to 9 P. M., (Sunday excepted.) Those who apply in the early stages will be surprised at the rapidity and little inconvenience attending their cure. It is chiefly, however, those who have suffered from a certain class of people, or otherwise, who can properly appreciate his services. In stricture, from its first or incipient, to its more advanced and distressing stages, (from uncommon advantages, in addition to a very extensive practice in this complaint, be can afford a rapid, easy and radical cure, which, he has ground for stating, can be obtained from no other source in America.

NO CURE NO PAY.—DR. CORBITT, 19 DUANE STREET.

In member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, may be consulted in treatment of certain delicate diseases. A practice of fourteen years, devoted to veneroal diseases, enables Dr. C. to cure the worst form of this disease. Recent cases cured in four days.—No mercury used, nor restraint in diet or business pursuits,—Strictures cured in one or two weeks with scarcely any pain, Constitutional debility. Those individuals who have included in a certain loathsome habit can positively be restored to health and ociety. Remember, 19 Duane street, next door to Dr. Johnson's

INTELLIGENCE BY THE MAILS.

WASHINGTON, May 5, 1848.

Before passing to the more serious subjects consideration, connected with the investigation instituted by the Senate, it may not be improper to call especial attention to the form of oath I was at first required to take. This also, like their mode of proceeding, is borrowed from a by-gone age. Its effect would have been to bind me to answer all such interrogatories as the Senate might choose to put. It corresponds, almost word for word, with the oath known as the "oath ex-officio," adopted by the high commission court of England in the reign of Elizabeth. This court was established by the Queen, on the authority of the act of supremacy, to take cognizance of all offences against the established religion. It was invested with extraordinary powers, and was authorised to examine the clergy on oath touching their views on doctrinal questions. This oath, binding the taker to answer all questions that should be put to him, was so much at variance with all the established principles of even English law, that it was loudly condemned as the time, and Lord Burleigh himself, a bigoted advocate of oppression, was obliged to declare that he thought the "inquisitors of Spain used not so many questions to comprehend and to trap their preys." The high commission court—its forms and mode o proceeding were all swept away in the reign of Charles I., with the Court of Star Chamber; and now, in this country, and in this age, the form of oath used by that court-the most odious and oppressive of its creations-is revived by the Senate of the United States in their judicial proceedings. I admit that the power to arrest, try, and punish, in private, a citizen of the United States-a power overriding the constitution-if once conceded, in overriding the constitution—if once conceded, in-volves every other power which the caprice of the Senate may invent or revive; and therefore, seeing they have established an inquisitorial tribunal, one need have no surprise that this oath, a broken and buried instrument of despotism, is disinterred from amidst the ruins of that monarchy dashed to pieces two centuries ago, by the strong hand of Crom-well.

amidst the ruins of that monarchy dashed to pieces stow centuries ago, by the strong hand of Cromwell.

Another monarchy was dashed to pieces some weeks ago by the strong hands of the artisans of Paris, and amid the shouts of exultation which ascended from this city on the occasion, was heard the voice of Mr. Hannegan, crying "all hail to the young republic of France"—that new-born child of the goddess Liberty, who is supposed to take up her especial abode in this favored land. A few short hours before, with those same lips that gave utterance to this sentiment, he had voted to crucify that glorious goddess in the person of an humble citizen. Such blasphemous mockery of freedom has but one parallel, and that it would be irreverent to quote in this connection.

But I had forgotten. Mr. Hannegan has declared that, like Lord Mansfield, he will not run after popularity—popularity must follow him. Indeed, he has intimated that to him it is a matter of perfect indifference whether he be flattered or assailed. Who was this Lord Mansfield whom Mr. Hannegan quotes with such reverence? He was the most abject slave of one of the meanest despots that ever sat on the throne of England. His whole judicial life was devoted to the sole end of undergoing the prerogatives of the crown at the expense of the liberties of the people. By his decisions on the bench he did more to sap the foundations of English freedom, such as it is, than Scroggs by his bold ruffianism, or Jeffries by his wanton brutality. There was no service so degraded—no assault on the constitution so impudent that he did not attempt, at the bidding of his master. This is the man whom Mr. Hannegan so deeply venerates, and whose sentiments he adopts as his own.

Shall the public be enlightened as to what judicial character Mr. Blades here the sole and formal decisions of the public be enlightened as to what judicial character Mr. Blades here the sole and the citizen as the summary and the constitution so includent and the citizen as the summary and the sole and th

This is the man whom Mr. Hannegan so deeply venerates, and whose sentiments he adopts as his own.

Shall [the public be enlightened as to what judicial character Mr. Phelps has taken as an exemplar? He has been among the most violent instigators and supporters of the proceedings that have just terminated so discreditably to the Senate. An exposition of the cause of his hostility would be curious; but I forbear for the present. Is not Mr. Phelps aware that his political existence hangs at the point of my pen? If he were more efficient for evil, I would be less sparing. As it is, I confess to a sentiment of slightly malicious pleasure (we are none of us perfect, Mr. Phelps?) in holding over his head, unhurled, the bolt with which I can, at any moment, compass his destruction. Let him mend his ways, and avert his destiny. That power, which I scom to exercise for motives of personal revenge, I will not fail to exert, should its use be hereafter necessary to prevent mischief to the interests of the nation.

It is such men who claim a right, unknown to the constitution, to deprive the citizen of his liberty, without even the meagre formalties of a court of law. Guided by such men, the more intelligent Senators have permitted themselves to be accessory to a most disgraceful assault on the liberty of the press. The Senate was once a dignified and respectable body. Can it any longer pretend to dignity, when among its members are to be found such men as Moore, and Turney, Phelps, Hale, and Upham? Besides, the body—once an independent branch of the government,—has deteriorated into a miserable instrument of the will of the Executive. Why does not Mr. Calhoun address the powers of his great mind to abating this abominable evil? Does he not know that the re-

an independent branch of the government,—has deteriorated into a miserable instrament of the will of the Executive. Why does not Mr. Calhoun address the powers of his great mind to abating this abominable evil? Does he not know that the recent procedure, which, I understand, he has uniformly condemned, was originated at the instigation of Mr. Polk? Is he not aware, that the object of the President in thus procuring the prostitution of the Senate, was to crush Mr. Buchanan? this same President, who had the hypocrisy to say, when applied to by his satellites in the Senate, for his advice in relation to their course on the motion for my disharge, that it would be unwise to liberate me until I should exonerate the Cabinet.

It will be recollected, that when asked by the committee of the Senate to absolve Mr. Buchanan from any agency in furnishing the papers published in the Herald, I refused, on the ground that they had no right to ask the question. On Monday, the 27th March, however, I sent in a voluntary declaration, to the Senate, completely exonerating the Secretary of State, and asked that a committee should be appointed to take my deposition to the truth of that declaration. That committee was moved for, but was never granted. Its creation was opposed by Mr. Polk's triends, and yet Mr. Polk declares that he desired Mr. Buchanan's vindication.

But every body else—even Mr. Buchanan himself—was perfectly satisfied with the testimony that was before the Senate in his vindication.

Why was it not satisfactory to the President!—Was it because of his excessive zeal for Mr. Buchanan's interest, or was it rather that he desired to invalidate that testimony by suggesting its insufficiency?

That declaration of the 27th of March, exonerating Mr. Buchanan, is now on the journal of the Senate. Why has not that journal been published! Have not Mr. Polk's friends voted against its publication? And yet Mr. Polk declares he desired the exoneration of his cabinet.

Washington, May 4, 1848.

Washington, May 4, 1848. Political Scheming.

As the time approaches for holding the conven-tion, Mr. Polk and his friends begin to throw off the mask which they have endeavored so long to wear, and which is now becoming troublesome. Various small papers are giving tongue already, and even the larger ones in Mr. Polk's interest have received instructions to move. Cautiously, little by little, the minds of the democracy are being prepared for a re-nomination. The Union, of this morning, contains an article so worded as to act as a feeler on the other presses of the party. It declares that although the "feeling and purpose" of the convention of 1846, was strongly in favor of the one term principle, yet that principle, when brought before the body, did not receive its formal sanction. It adds that Mr. Polk concurred

when brought before the body, did not receive its formal sanction. It adds that Mr. Polk concurred in the principle at the time; but it does not say that he intends to act in accordance with his pledge. So absolutely sure is the President of the success of his schemes, that the Union (of course, not without advisement.) declares that the support of the nominee, whoever he may be, should be made the test of every man's democracy.

The design of this is evident. The President knows that there is more than one member of his cabinet who cannot with any consistency support him, should he be the nominee; and it also happens that these are the men of whom Mr. Polk would gladly be rid. From his connection with them in the cabinet, he naturally feels an overwhelming and crushing sense of littleness, and without having been able to dispense with their services he has hated and feared them, from the beginning. Thas is explained why Mr. Simon Cameron has been the dispenser of Mr. Polk's bounty in Pennsylvania, and why Mr. Lawrence has been retained in the New York Custom House, in direct opposition to the wishes of Mr. Walker. Every species of humiliation has been poured out on the heads of the two secretaries, and the alternative was presented to them of abandoning to the hands of a small schemer the interests of their country, or of remaining in the cabinet. That they chose the latter, speaks more for their patriotism than for their self-respect. For the last two years the

whole influence of the Philadelphia Custom House has been employed in an attempt to injure Mr. Buchanan. Mr. Polk knew it, and did not attempt to interfere. Was it from principle? The supposition is absurd. His repeated efforts to control the western papers, through Mr. Cave Johnson, by the offer of petty post-office patronage, is conclusive proof that where self-interest is to be subserved, Mr. Polk is not disposed to be too scrupulous. Consistency is not his forte. In fact he treats a principle as the toper treats his wine-flusk—breaks its neck in his impatience to obtain its contents, and after exhausting the full measure of its golden store, flings it away as so much use-less lumber.

ess lumber. If Mr. Polk be sincere in not desiring a re-elec if Mr. Polk be sincere in not desiring a re-election—for strange as it may appear, he still makes declarations to that effect—why does he not instruct his organ to declare unequivocally his determination? Is not the belief prevalent among all sections of the party that he is making most strenuous efforts for a nonination? Why the cautions, ambiguity of the article in this morning's Union? Why employ his instrument, Turney, to go from one candidate to another, and profess on the part of the President, to be attached to each in turn? Has not this Senator gone to Mr. Cass, Mr. Houston, Mr. Buchanan, and professed to be the warm supporter of each? Is he not recognized by each of those gentlemen as the mouth-piece of Mr. Polk, and did not each tolerate his adherence, which they would not otherwise have tolerated, because he was known to be the confidential adviser of the President? And further, why is Mr. Cameron bought of from Mr. Buchanan? Is the Richmond Enquerer's support of Mr. Houston sincere, or is it merely a bid by Mr. Polk for that gentleman's support in the convention?

Of one thing Mr. Polk may be versuaded: the eyes

bid by Mr. Polk for that gentleman's support in the convention?

Of one thing Mr. Polk may be persuaded: the eyas of the other candidates are open. They do not sleep. Nay, more, they are so thoroughly and absolutely impressed with a conviction of his baseness that all his protestations will not now avail to deceive them. This information I give hum for his guidance. The friends of the other candidates are resolved not to be tricked in the convention; they intend to throw a few votes for Mr. Polk on the first ballot, in order to afford an opportunity for the peremptory withdrawal of his name. Should this not be done, it is needless to say what will be their course.

a re-nomination, why put in operation all the machinery of corruption? Why attempt to conciliate Mr. Benton? Why connive at the California bill? and finally, why employ such instruments as Moor and Turney.

WASHINGTON, May 5, 1848.

Yucatan-The Senate Debate-The Beauty of Consistency-Reception Night at the White House-The Question of the Presidency-New Mail Arrangement-Crutchett's Long Pole Bird-Destroyer.
It is said by the wise old man of Avon, that even

the toad wears a "precious jewel in his head;" and as no other has been discovered upon dissection of the uncouth quadruped, it must be the jewel of consistency. This jewel existeth not in the heads of our wise legislators. Perpend-In the debate in the Senate to-day, upon the bill for the relief of Yucatan, which ought to have passed without debate, so manifest is the authority for the without debate, so manifest is the authority for the act—so loud the call of humanity—so clear the expediency of the measure—there were all sorts of objections introduced in opposition to the movement. The Chairman on Foreign Relations, was himself again. In the release of his prisoner his conscience was vastly relieved, and to-day he spoke out like a man in the cause of humanity. He perhaps laid too much stress upon that universal hobgobin of the designs of Great Britain; yet his argument was not without a basis, even upon this point. Mr. Clayton labored like a lawyer upon a bad cause, to make out a case against the bill, and Mr. Crittenden recited a whole catalogue of impediments to its passage. We were supprised at this course on the part of Mr. Crittenden, and very pointedly we thought senator Foote did hit him for his argument here against the insufficiency of the plea of humanity, as contrasted with his course, at the last Congress, upon the bill which he introduced for appropriating \$500,000 for the relief of Ireland. On the simple score of humanity, the cases are nearly the same. In Ireland, the people were dying of starvation, and they called for bread. Nor did they (thank God) call in vain, though the bill of \$500,000 was lost in the House. In Yucatan the helpless whites call for protection against the ruthless savages, who are destroying the hated pale faces from the face of the country. We sent ships to Ireland, laden with bread for her relief; why not, upon the same ground of humanity, send ships with arms to the relief Yucatan 1 The dangers cited by Mr. Crittenden are mere bugbears. Mr. Jefferson Davis, from the laws of war—from the existing armistice—presented a clear authority for the bill. Indeed, under the armistice, this very measure for putting down "armed Indians," and for repelling "incursions of the wild Indians," is enjoined as a duty upon this government.

But the real difficulty with the whigs and with act-so loud the call of humanity-so clear the

of the wild Indians," is enjoined as a duty upon this government.

But the real difficulty with the whigs and with Mr. Calhoun, may be readily explained. It is the bugbear of annexation. They see in this measure another apple of discord in the contest for the Presidency. They fear that the administration will take the people of Yucatan at their word, and in consideration of saving their lives, will take their offiered sovereignty of the peninsula, and that upon this nucleus may turn, in the approaching campaign, the question of the absorption of the whole of

Mexico.

No reasoning man can apprehend any such disaster from this proposed temporary transfer of a part of our military and naval force to Yucatan. It is a mere change of the locality of the United States troops from Ja apa or Puebla, to Merida and Campeachy, in the same republic, with which we are under armistice; and so far from Mexico complaining of the proposed transfer, as an infraction of the armistice, she cannot but concur, and may possibly ask this transfer, in fulfilment of existing stipulations.

Reception night at the White House. There begins to be a more frequent attendance of the politicians at these reunions, and here and there in politicians at these reunions, and here and there in the company, we may meet on these occasions, some old wire-workers putting their heads together and comparing notes. The friends of all the other candidates, half disposed to believe that Mr. Polk is not in the field, are anxious to secure his suffrages for their respective favorites, or at least to ascertain the drift of the wind. But things are very uncertain, and we do not yet abandon the contigency of a re-nomination of the candidate of 1844; or if he goes down, we do not despair of all the rest of the old school candidates going down with him, as they went down with Mr. Van Buren four years ago. But we shall see in due season the great democratic embodiment, though now he is unknown.

the great democratic embodiment, though now he is unknown.

We understand that the Postmaster General has effected an arrangement, whereby the afternoon mail from the South to New York, will get in at ten, A. M., instead of 2½ P. M., the stoppage at Philadelphia being avoided, and that the corresponding mail to Washington will arrive in the evening, instead of the next morning. Arrangement, to go into effect on the first of July. How he has managed it with the Jersey blues, we shall endeavor to ascertain.

Last night, at least fifty birds belonging to the groves around the capitol, were killed by coming into contact with Crutchet's long pole and lantern. Many of the birds were of the most beautiful species. They were doubtless dazzled by the lantern. Mons. Vattemare got a number of them, which he proposes to have stuffed, and sent to Europe. At the rate of fifty birds a night, this long pole will soon destroy the morning music on the capitle soon destroy the morning music o

Washington, May 4, 1848.

Yucatan-Congress-The Presidency, etc.
A bill was introduced to-day in the Senate, from the Committee on Foreign Relations, authorizing the President to despatch a military and naval force, and arms and ammunition, &c., to Yucatan to assist the white race in defending themselve against the Indians, who are sweeping the country before them by fire and sword. Mr. Hannegar moved to make the bill the special order for to